

## This is one unit...

For more detailed information on calculating units see [www.units.nhs.uk/UnitCalculator.html](http://www.units.nhs.uk/UnitCalculator.html)



Half pint of regular beer, lager or cider



1 very small glass of wine(9%)



1 single measure of spirits



1 small glass of sherry



1 single measure of aperitifs

How many units did you drink today?

## ...and each of these is more than one unit



A pint of "regular" beer, lager or cider



A pint of "strong"/"premium" beer, lager or cider



Alcopop or a 275ml bottle of regular lager



440ml can of "regular" lager or cider



440ml can of "super strength" lager



250ml glass of wine (12%)



Bottle of wine (12.5%)

Risk	Men	Women	Common Effects
Lower Risk	No more than 3-4 units per day on a regular basis	No more than 2-3 units per day on a regular basis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Increased relaxation</li> <li>•Sociability</li> <li>•Reduced risk of heart disease (for men over 40 and post menopausal women)</li> </ul>
Increasing Risk	More than 3-4 units per day on a regular basis	More than 2-3 units per day on a regular basis	<p><b>Progressively increasing risk of:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Low energy</li> <li>•Memory loss</li> <li>•Relationship problems</li> <li>•Depression</li> <li>•Insomnia</li> <li>•Impotence</li> <li>•Injury</li> <li>•Alcohol dependence</li> <li>•High blood pressure</li> <li>•Liver disease</li> <li>•Cancer</li> </ul>
Higher Risk	More than 8 units per day on a regular basis or more than 50 units per week	More than 6 units per day on a regular basis or more than 35 units per week	

There are times when you will be at risk even after one or two units. For example, with strenuous exercise, operating heavy machinery, driving or if you are on certain medication.

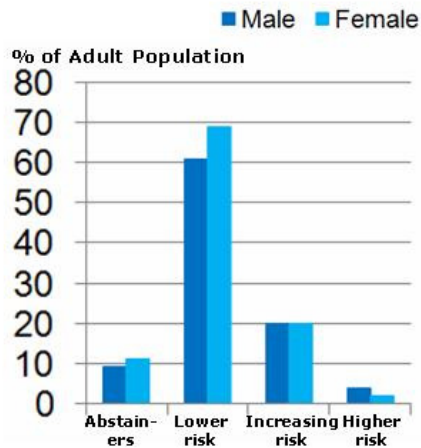
If you are pregnant or trying to conceive, it is recommended that you avoid drinking alcohol. But if you do drink, it should be no more than 1-2 units once or twice a week and avoid getting drunk.

Your screening score suggests you are drinking at a rate that increases your risk of harm and you might be at risk of problems in the future.

What do you think?



### What's everyone else like?



### Making your plan

- When bored or stressed have a workout instead of drinking
- Avoid going to the pub after work
- Plan activities and tasks at those times you would usually drink
- When you do drink, set yourself a limit and stick to it
- Have your first drink after starting to eat
- Quench your thirst with non-alcohol drinks before and in-between alcoholic drinks
- Avoid drinking in rounds or in large groups
- Switch to low alcohol beer/lager
- Avoid or limit the time spent with "heavy" drinking friends

### The benefits of cutting down Psychological/Social/Financial

- Improved mood
- Improved relationships
- Reduced risks of drink driving
- Save money

### Physical

- Sleep better
- More energy
- Lose weight
- No hangovers
- Reduced risk of injury
- Improved memory
- Better physical shape
- Reduced risk of high blood pressure
- Reduced risk of cancer
- Reduced risks of liver disease
- Reduced risks of brain damage

### What targets should you aim for?

#### Men

Should not regularly drink more than 3-4 units of alcohol a day.

#### Women

Should not regularly drink more than 2-3 units a day

'Regularly' means drinking every day or most days of the week.

You should also take a break for 48 hours after a heavy session to let your body recover.

### What is your personal target?

This brief advice is based on the "How Much Is Too Much?" Simple Structured Advice Intervention Tool, developed by Newcastle University and the Drink Less materials originally developed at the University of Sydney as part of a W.H.O. collaborative study.

